## UNIT I

## INTRODUCTION TO PROCESS PLANNING

Introduction- methods of process planning-Drawing interpretation-Material evaluation – steps in process selection-.Production equipment and tooling selection PART – A

PART – A					
	pping : C205.1		[		
Q. No	Questions	BT Level	Competence	РО	
1	Define process planning.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2	
2	Select the process parameter for setting machines and tooling's.		Understanding		
3	Identify the process planning activities.	BTL-3	Analyzing	PO1,PO2	
4	Summarize the factors influencing process selection.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2	
5	Summarize the use of drawings interpretation in processing requirement.	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1	
6	Quote the data is listed for each component of the product in the process sheet.	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1	
7	List the use of process Sheet.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1	
8	Prioritize the sort of information can the process planner obtained from the engineering drawing of the component.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1	
9	Give a procedure for process planning for the manufacture of a component in machine shop.	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1	
10	List the objectives of process planning.	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1	
11	Discuss the various parameters considered in the material selection?	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1	
12	Illustrate briefly the characteristics of realistic estimates?	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1	
13	Show the steps involved in process design	BTL-3	Understanding	PO1,PO2	
14	Classify the work holding Devices and why they are used.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2	
15	Point out the main inputs and outputs for process planning activity.	BTL-4	Understanding	PO1	
16	Explain briefly about depreciation?	BTL-6	Creating	PO1,PO2	
17	Originate the advantages and disadvantages of process planning	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1,PO2	
18	Assume a process flow chart and how would it be used to help formulate a process plan	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1	
19	Categorize the main approaches of process planning.	BTL-4	Understanding	PO1,PO2	
20	Compose the documents required for Process	BTL-6	Creating	PO1,PO2	

	Planning?			
	PART – I	3		
1	<ul><li>(a) Identify the steps involved in Process Design.</li><li>(b) Examine the basic factors affecting Process Design.</li></ul>	BTL-2 BTL-1	Understanding Remembering	PO1,PO2,PO3
2	<ul> <li>(a) Describe the steps or procedures involved in Process Planning.</li> <li>(b) (b) Show the data is listed for each component of the product in the process sheet</li> </ul>	BTL-2 BTL-1	Understanding Remembering	PO1,PO2,PO3
3	Explain with neat sketch and the steps followed for material selection process and methods.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2,PO3 PO5, PO6,PO9 PO12,
4	Show the two approaches to Process Planning in the context of CAPP (Computer Aided Process Planning)? Explain them clearly.	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2,PO3 PO4
5	Describe step by step procedure for estimating the direct material cost	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2,PO3 PO4
6	<ul><li>(a) Discuss the various parameters considered in the material selection?</li><li>(b) Summarize the documents required for Process Planning?</li></ul>	BTL-2 BTL-1	<b>Understanding</b> <b>Remembering</b>	PO1, PO2,PO3
7	<ul> <li>(a) Classify the four distinct processing strategies Give the basic steps in cost estimation.</li> <li>(b) Summarize the process layout with neat</li> </ul>	BTL-2 BTL-2	Understanding Remembering	PO1, PO2,PO3
	sketch.			
ixtur	UNIT II PROCESS PLA ess parameters calculation for various produ res election of quality assurance methods - S	action pro	cesses-Selection	• •
ixtur Econo	ess parameters calculation for various produces election of quality assurance methods - Somics of process planning- case studies PART – A	action pro Set of docu	cesses-Selection	• •
ïxtur Econo	ess parameters calculation for various produces election of quality assurance methods - Somics of process planning- case studies	action pro Set of docu	cesses-Selection	• •

BTL-1

Remembering

PO1, PO2, PO3

List the factors Considered for selecting Process

2

	poromotor			
3	A planer is capable of 15 strokes per minute			
3				
	over a stroke length of 2m. The cutting time ratio	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1, PO2,PO3
	for the machine is 4:3. Determine cutting speed.			
4	Infer the factors previously considered for the			
-	tooling decision are the most influential on the	BTL-3	Applying	PO1,PO2
	calculation of the process parameters.	DIL-3	Apprying	101,102
5	What are the general recommendations for cutting		Understanding	
J	depths for turning and boring?	BTL-2	Chucistanung	PO1,PO3,PO4
6	Define cutting speed.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2,PO4
7	Classify how milling operations can be classified.		Understanding	
-		BTL-2		PO1,PO2
8	Classify the three basic functions of Jig.	BTL-3	Applying	PO1,PO2
9	Show the general factors that will influence the			
	design and/or construction of a work holder.	BTL-3	Applying	PO1,PO2
	-			
10	Analyze the basic principles of jig and fixture	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1,PO4
	design can be categorized		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	101,101
11	Show the main reasons for the use of jigs and	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2
10	fixtures.			,
12	Draw the flow chart for design methodology for work holders	BTL-6	Creating	PO1,PO4
13	Categorize the main factors to be considered for			
13	work holding device.	BTL-4	Evaluating	PO1,PO2,PO4
14	Point out the quality function for process plan	BTL-4	Evaluating	PO1
15	Discuss how does the process planner use cost		<u>C</u>	
	data?	BTL-6	Creating	PO1
16	Assess the three elements of Direct cost	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1
17	Define press forging	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1
18	Summarize major influences on the cost of	BTL-1		
	materials for manufacture	DIL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO4
19	Quote the purpose of work holding Devices	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2
20	Calculate the spindle speed required to turn a			
	75mm diameter shoulder on a low- carbon steel		Understanding	
	component using a high-speed steel tool. What is	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO2
	the percentage increase in cutting speed if a			
	carbide tool is used instead?			
21	Illustrate the formula to calculate the machining	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2
	times for turning and boring.	DIL-I	Kennennbering	101,102
	PART – B	& C		
	The ten emforts of the last li			
	The top surface of the aluminum alloy			
	component shown in Fig is to be milled by			
1	slab milling. It will be machined by a		Domestic	PO1,PO2,
1	Ø20mm HSS cutter with eight cutting teeth	BTL-1	Remembering	, - ,
	at a constant surface speed of 45m min			
	<sup>1</sup> .The depth of cut is 4 mm and the			
	milling machine is capable of spindle speeds			

-				
	of up to 3000 rpm. Determine:			
	<ul><li>(i) if the mill is capable of machining the component at the required surface speed</li></ul>			
	(ii) the total machining time for the			
	component if the mill is capable.			
2	Summarize the general recommendations for cutting depths for turning, boring, milling and	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO2
3	Drilling? For the part shown in Fig. calculate the maximum surface speeds for facing, turning all surfaces and parting off. The maximum spindle speed of the lathe being used is 600rpm	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2,PO4
4	Consider the component shown in Fig, and design a suitable type of jig for drilling the Ø10 mm holes, assuming the holes are manufactured last.	BTL-3	Applying	PO1,PO2

alloca	PART – Tapping : C205.3 Questions Define cost accounting Distinguish between cost estimation and cost accounting List the types of estimates Classify the sources of cost estimation? Point out any two objectives of cost estimation Summarize batch costing Describe briefly standard data	A BT Level BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-1 BTL-4 BTL-4 BTL-5	Competence Remembering Understanding Remembering Analyzing Analyzing Evaluating Understanding	PO PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1,PO4 PO1	
alloca <u>CO M</u> Q.No 1 2 3 4 5	Image: C205.3         Questions         Define cost accounting         Distinguish between cost estimation and cost accounting         List the types of estimates         Classify the sources of cost estimation?         Point out any two objectives of cost estimation	BT Level BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-1 BTL-4 BTL-4	Remembering Understanding Remembering Analyzing Analyzing	PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1,PO4	
alloca CO M Q.No 1 2 3 4	Image: C205.3         Questions         Define cost accounting         Distinguish between cost estimation and cost accounting         List the types of estimates         Classify the sources of cost estimation?	BT Level BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-1 BTL-4	Remembering Understanding Remembering Analyzing	PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1	
alloca <u>CO M</u> Q.No 1 2 3	Image: C205.3         Questions         Define cost accounting         Distinguish between cost estimation and cost accounting         List the types of estimates	BT Level BTL-1 BTL-2 BTL-1	Remembering Understanding Remembering	PO1 PO1 PO1	
alloca CO M Q.No 1 2	Image: C205.3         Questions         Define cost accounting         Distinguish between cost estimation and cost accounting	BT Level BTL-1 BTL-2	Remembering Understanding	PO1 PO1	
alloca CO M Q.No 1	Image: C205.3         Questions         Define cost accounting         Distinguish between cost estimation and cost	BT Level BTL-1	Remembering	PO1	
alloca CO M Q.No 1	Image: C205.3         Questions         Define cost accounting	BT Level	Remembering		
alloca CO M Q.No	Iapping :     C205.3       Questions	BT Level	-		
alloca CO M	lapping : C205.3		Competence	РО	
alloca		A			
	D A D Т	۸			
allocation of over head charges- Calculation of depreciation cost					
Type	s of estimates – Estimating procedure- Esti			cost-	
	ortance of costing and estimation –methods				
	<b>UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO</b>	) COST E	STIMATION 8		
l					
		1			
6	important factors that affect the depth of cut possible when machining?	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1, PO2,PO3	
	Describe depth of cut and what are the most				
<u> </u>	if a carbide tool is used instead?				
	What is the percentage increase in cutting speed	DIT-1	Kentenibel ilig	101,102,103	
	75mm diameter shoulder on a low- carbon steel component using a high-speed steel tool.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1, PO2,PO3	
5					

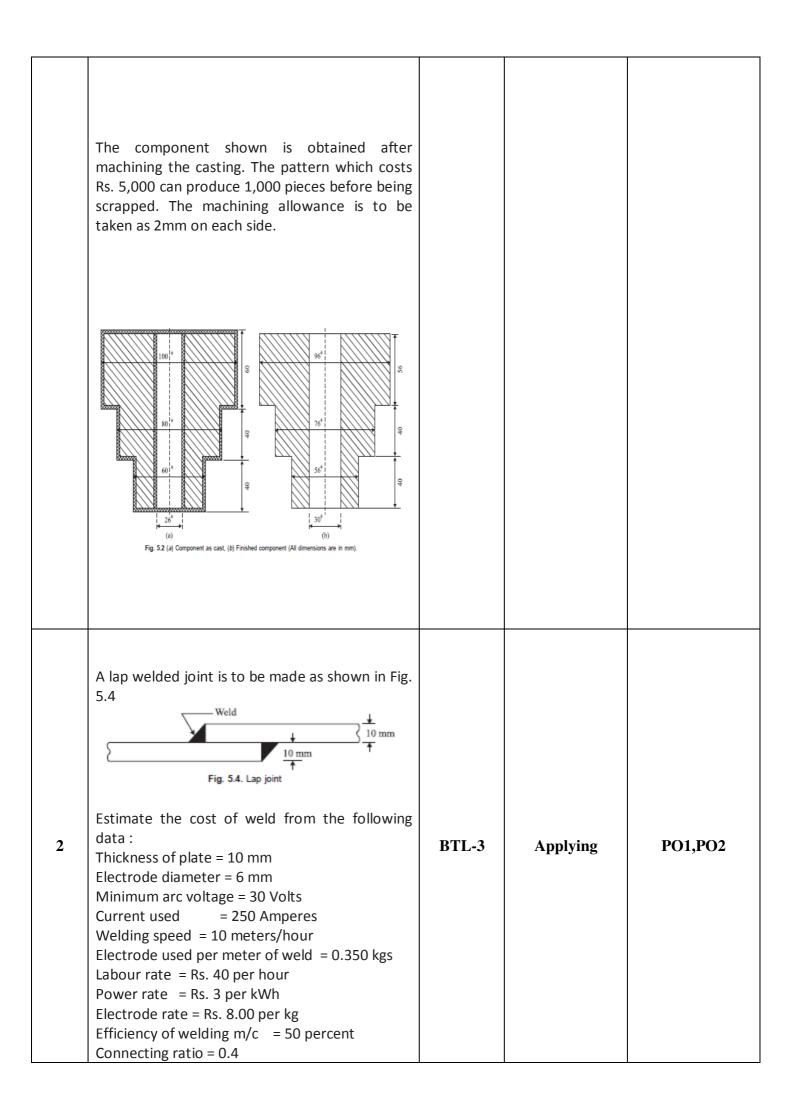
8	Define under estimate	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2
9	Explain about target cost	BTL-4	Understanding	PO1,PO4
10	Explain briefly about conceptual cost estimating	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2
11	Define contingency allowances	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
12	Illustrate briefly the characteristics of realistic estimates?	BTL-3	Applying	PO1,PO2
13	Classify the allowances considered in cost estimation	BTL-3	Applying	PO1,PO2
14	Give the methods of costing	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO2
15	Demonstrate how the standard data is developed?	BTL-3	Applying	PO1
16	Explain briefly about depreciation?	BTL-4	Remembering	PO1
17	Define multiple cost method	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2,PO4
18	Generalize the meaning direct material with an example	BTL-6	Creating	PO1
19	Give any two functions of cost estimation	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1
20	Define parametric estimating	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2
1	PART – B (a) Discuss the objectives of cost estimation (b) Give the advantages of cost accounting	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2,PO4
	(b) Give the advantages of cost accounting	DIL-5	Evaluating	101,102,104
2	With suitable application examples classify costs	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2, PO3,PO4
3	<ul><li>(a) Discuss various types of estimates</li><li>(b) Explain the data requirements for cost estimation and their sources</li></ul>		Evaluating	PO1,PO2,PO3
4	<ul><li>(a) Describe the different methods of estimates</li><li>(b) Explain the allowances in estimation</li></ul>	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1,PO2, PO3
5	Describe step by step procedure for estimating the direct material cost	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2
6	Explain the various allowances to be considered in estimation of direct labour cost	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO2, PO3
7	<ul> <li>(a) Differentiate cost accounting and cost estimating</li> <li>(b) Give the basic steps in cost estimation</li> </ul>	BTL-4 BTL-2	Understanding Understanding	PO1,PO2, PO3

## **UNIT IV PRODUCTION COST ESTIMATION**

## **Estimation of Different Types of Jobs - Estimation of Forging Shop, Estimation of Welding Shop, Estimation of Foundry Shop**

PART – A				
CO Ma	apping : C205.4			
Q. No	Questions	BT Level	Competence	РО
1	How do you estimate the time required for forging?	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO2
2	Explain the actual welding costs involved in estimation in welding shop?	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2
3	List the losses to be considered in estimating the gross weight of a forging component	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
4	List the losses to be considered in estimating the gross weight of a forging component	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2
5	Illustrate how to estimate the gas cutting costs	BTL-3	Remembering	PO1
6	Give the losses in forging process	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO2

7	List the vertices costions that will be nerreally			
1	List the various sections that will be normally found in a foundry shop.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
8	List the various elements of cost involved in the			
	total cost of manufacturing a casting.	BTL-1	Analyzing	PO1
9	Explain overhead expenses	BTL-4	Evaluating	PO1,PO2
10	Explain how cost estimation is done in respect			
	of a welded component or welding job.	BTL-4	Remembering	PO1,PO2
11	List the various elements of cost involved in			
	weldment or a welded component.	BTL-1	Analyzing	PO1,PO4
12	What are the various costs involved in the			
	calculation of total cost of forged components.	BTL-6	Remembering	PO1,PO2
13	What is pattern making and fettling in foundry? Generalize it	BTL-2	Remembering	PO1
14	Differentiate leftward and rightward welding?	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
15	List the types of forging processes	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1,PO3
16	Explain machine forging or upset forging in a brief manner.	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
17	Define press forging	BTL-6	Creating	PO1,PO3
18	Generalize the meaning of tonghold loss in forging?	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1,PO3
19	Describe briefly a sprue loss?	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1
20	Give the formula for calculating the cost of power consumed in arc welding.	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1
	PART – B	& C	1	
	A cast iron component is to be manufactured as per Fig. 5.2. Estimate the selling price per piece from the following data : Density of material = 7.2 gms/cc Cost of molten metal at cupola spout = Rs. 20 per kg			
	Process scrap = 20 percent of net weight			
1	Scrap return value = Rs. 6 per kg	BTL-3	Applying	PO1,PO2, PO3
	Administrative overheads = Rs. 30 per hour			
	Sales overheads = 20 percent of factory cost			
	Profit = 20 percent of factory cost			
	Operation Time (min) Labour cost/hr Shop overheads/hr (Rs.) (Rs.)			
	Moulding and pouring         15         20         60           Shot blasting         5         10         40           Fettling         6         10         40		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



	charges			
	Labor accomplishment factor = 60 percent			
3	Calculate the welding cost from the following data : Plate thickness =12 mm Form of joint = $60^{\circ}V$ Root gap = 2 mm Length of joint = 2 meters Electrode diameters = $3.5$ mm and $4.0$ mm Electrode length = $350$ mm	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO2, PO4
	(i) Describe in detail the procedure for		Remembering	
4	estimating. (ii) Explain the various constituents of	BTL-1	Understanding	PO1,PO2,PO3
-	estimation.	BTL-2		
5	<ul> <li>(i) Calculate the material cost of 20 gun metal bushes as per the diagram. Assume the density of gun metal as 8.3gm per cc and its cost is re.70 per kg. Consider 10% material loss during process. All dimension are in mm.</li> </ul>	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2,PO4
	All dimension are in mm.			
J <b>NIT</b>	V MACHINING TIME CA	ALCULA'	ΓΙΟΝ	
		-1	e Calculation- Ca	leulation of

PART – A					
CO Ma	CO Mapping : C205.5				
Q.No	Questions	BT Level	Competence	PO	

1	Define Direct Expenses	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
		DIL-I	Kemembering	101
2	Define Indirect Expenses (Overhead Expenses)	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO2
3	What are the analysis used for overhead expenses?	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1,PO3
4	Define Factory Expenses	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
5	Define Administrative Expenses	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1
6	Define Selling Expenses .	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
7	What you mean by distribution Expenses?	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1,PO2
8	What are the components of cost?	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO12
9	Define Prime Cost	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO12
10	Define Works Cost	BTL-2	Understanding	PO12
11	Define Production or Manufacturing or Office Cost	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1
12	Define Machine or Upset Forging	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO3
13	Write the forging operations.	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1
14	Define Shear Loss	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1
15	Define Tong hold Loss	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
16	Define Scale Loss	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
17	Define Flash Loss	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1
18	Define Sprue Loss	BTL-1	Remembering	PO1
	PART –	В		
1	Briefly explain the distribution or allocation of overheads.	BTL-4	Analyzing	PO1,PO3
2	Write a critical note on the production cost estimation.	BTL-5	Evaluating	PO1,PO2,PO3
3	Estimate the machining time to turn a M.S bar of 3 cm diameter down to 2.5 cm for a length of 10 cm in a single cut. Assume cutting speed = 30	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO3,PO12

	m / min and feed = $0.4$ mm/ rev.			
4	A mild steel bar 120mm long and 40mm in diameter is turned o 38mm diameter and was again turned to a diameter of 30mm over a length of 50mm as shown in the figure. The bar was chamfered at both the ends to give a chamfer of 45°X4mm after facing. Calculate the machining time. Assume cutting speed of 50m/min and feed 0.3 mm/per. The depth of cut is not to exceed 3mm in any operation.	BTL-2	Understanding	PO1,PO3,PO12
5	Three hundred pieces of the bolt are to be made from 25mm diameter rod. Find the length of each bolt before up setting. What length of the rod is required if 4% of the length goes as scrap?	BTL-6	Creating	PO1,PO2, PO3,PO12